

USER'S MANUAL

KM-76

Leather Skiving Machine

¹⁾ FOR AT MOST USE WITH EASINESS, PLEASE CERTAINLY READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE STARTING USE.

²⁾ KEEP THIS MANUAL IN SAFE PLACE FOR REFERENCE WHEN THE MACHINE BREAKS DOWN.



- 1. Thank you for purchasing our product. Based on the rich expertise and experience accumulated in industrial sewing machine production, SUNSTAR will manufacture industrial sewing machines, which deliver more diverse functions, high performance, powerful operation, enhanced durability, and more sophisticated design to meet a number of user's needs.
- 2. Please read this user's manual thoroughly before using the machine. Make sure to properly use the machine to enjoy its full performance.
- 3. The specifications of the machine are subject to change, aimed to enhance product performance, without prior notice.
- 4. This product is designed, manufactured, and sold as an industrial sewing machine. It should not be used for other than industrial purpose.

Table of Contents

Sa	Safety Rules				
Sı					
1.	. Specification	8			
2.	1) Machine Installation 2) Motor Installation 3) Rotation Direction	8			
3.	Lubrication	9			
4.	Adjustment 1) Presser Foot 2) Knife 3) Feeding Roller 4) Ruler	10 11 11			
5.	. Sharpening the Knife	12			
6.	. Using the Dresser	12			
7.	1) Replacing Knife Sharpening Stone 2) Replacing Feeding Roller 3) Replacing Knife 4) Replacing Warm and Warm Wheel	13 13 14			
8.	. Adjusting Knife Shaft ····································	15			
9.	. Cause of Trouble and Troubleshooting	16			

Safety Rules

Safety instructions on this manual are defined as Danger, Warning and Caution.

If you do not follow the instructoins, physical injuries and machine damages might be occurred.

Danger: This indication should be observed definitely. If not, there will be a danger during the installation, conveyance and maintenance of the machine.

Warning: When you follow this indication, injuries from the machine can be prevented.

Caution: When you follow this indication, error on the machine can be prevented.

1-1) Machine **Delivery**



Personnel with a full understanding of the safety guide must deliver the machine. Note the following directions when delivering the machine.

- ⓐ At least 2 persons are required to carry the machine.
- ⓑ Thoroughly wipe off any oil on the machine to prevent accident during delivery.

1-2) Machine Installation



Meet the following conditions for proper installment of the machine. Otherwise, it may cause physical damage on the machine, including mechanical problem or failure.

- ⓐ Open the package from the top in the reverse order of how it was originally packed. Be extra careful of the nails on the box.
- ⓑ Install air controller and clean the machine regularly to prevent pollution and rust from dust and moisture.
- © Avoid direct sunlight.
- d Leave open space of at least 50cm around the machine for easy access in case of
- (e) Do not operate in an environment where there is danger of explosion. Do not operate in areas where there is danger of explosion, including places where large quantities of spray products (e.g. aerosol) are used or oxygen is stored, unless the product has specific indications that it guarantees the prevention of explosion.
- This machine does not come equipped with lighting, so the user has to install the lighting at the workplace himself.

[Note] For details of machine installment, refer to "2. Machine Installation"

1-3) Machine Repair



Only our authorized and trained technician in charge of A/S should perform machine repair.

- (a) Before cleaning and repair, be sure to turn the power off and wait for about four minutes for the machine to discharge completely.
- (b) No part of the machine or specifications may be modified without prior consultation with our company. Unauthorized modifications may jeopardize safe operation.
- © In case of repair, replace only with SunStar's standard OEM parts.
- d After repair, return safety cover back on the machine.



1-4) Operating machine

KM-76 is made for industrial use.

Follow the following indications when operating the machine.



- **(b)** Wear proper clothes for work.
- © Keep hands or other parts of the body away from the machine's operation parts(needle, shuttle, thread take-up lever, pulley, etc.) when the machine is operating.

ⓐ Read through this manual carefully and completely before operating the machine.

- (d) Keep the covers and safety plates on the machine during operation.
- Be sure to connect the earthing conductor.
- ① Turn off the main power and check if the switch is turned "off" before opening electric boxes such as the control box.
- (g) Do not step on the pedal when turning the power on.
- ① If possible, install the machine away from source of strong electrical noise such as high frequency welding machines.

[Warning]

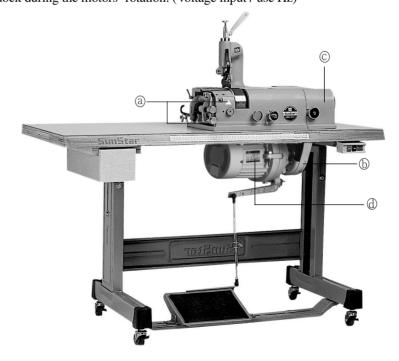
Keep motor cover in place before operating, turn off power before inspecting or adjusting.

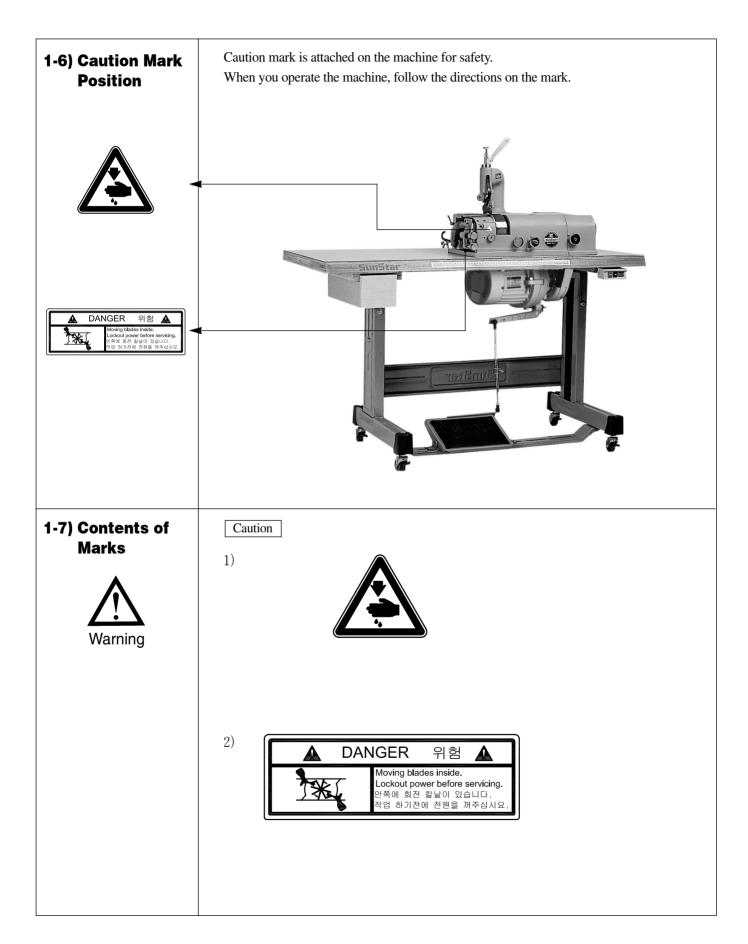
1-5) Safety devices



Caution

- (a) Safety label: It describes cautions during the machine operation.
- **(b)** Belt cover: It prevents any contact between body and take-up lever.
- © Motor cover : A device to prevent hands, feet and clothing from getting jammed by the motor.







Summary

SUNSTAR leather skiving machine is built on new technology and materials with high precision, durability, and easy usage.

It is most suitable for edge skiving and whole skiving any kind of leather, vinyl, and rubber products for shoes, bags, belts, purses, gloves, and etc. Its main features are as follows:

- Maximum working width is 50mm per cut.
 Perform two or more rounds of cut to get desired width.
- ② Additional waste disposing device (patented)
- 3 Additional knife sharpening clutch device
- 4 Easy replacement of parts (patented)



Size	530(W) x 340(D) x 370(H)		
Weight	39kg		
Motor Power	200W~400W		
Motor Speed	tor Speed 1000rpm~1200rpm		

Machine Installation

Warning



▶ The machine must be installed by a trained technician.



▶ For electrical wiring, consult the dealer where you purchased the machine or qualified technician.



▶ Two or more people should install the machine since the machine weighs over 39kg.



▶ Do not plug in until the installation is complete. You may step on the pedal by mistake and operate the machine causing physical injuries.



► Connect the ground (earth) wire. An unstable connection may cause electric shock or malfunction.



Mount the belt cover on the machine.



▶ Use both hands when leaning the machine backwards or returning it to its up-right position. If you perform with one hand, your hand may slip and get caught between objects due to the machine's heavy weight, resulting in injury.

1) Machine Installation

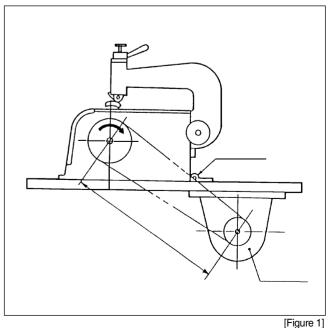
Install the machine on the table with the hinge, hinge bar, wooden screws. Leave 150mm space from the table to the bottom tip of the knife to collect dust particles.

2) Motor Installation

- (1) Use 200W~400W motor.
- (2) Use A-type, V-motor pulley of 50~60mm in diameter. Mount A-type, V-belt around the machine pulley and motor pulley.
- (3) The motor is installed correctly if the motor pulley is in parallel line with the machine pulley and the distance between the two pulleys is over 300mm.

3) Rotation Direction

The rotation direction of the machine pulley should be clockwise when seen from the right hand side of the machine, as in Figure 1.

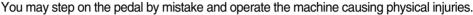




4 Lubrication

Caution

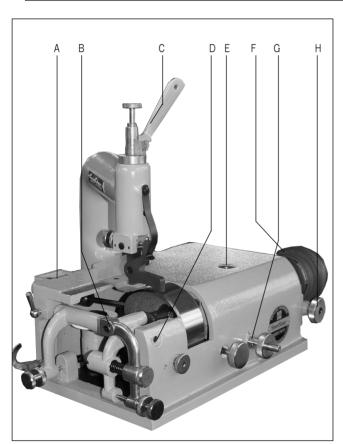
▶ Do not plug in until the oil supply is complete.



▶ When handling lubricants, use safety goggles and gloves to protect your eyes and skin from inflammation. Do not drink lubricants, which may cause vomiting and diarrhea. Keep lubricants out of the reach of children.



➤ You must supply oil when using the machine for the first time or if it has not been used for a long time.



A ... Warm and Warm Wheel: replace grease once a month

B ... Feeding Roller Shaft

C ··· Presser Bar Lifter

D ··· Roller Bracket Support Arm Pillar Screw

E ... Knife Shaft: lubricate every second or third usage

F ··· Clutch Block

G ... Knife Shaft Warm

H ... Clutch Lever Shaft Handle

[Figure 2]

- (1) Clean machine parts, which are oil-coated to prevent rusting, with dry cloth to avoid oil stains on the materials before operating the machine.
- (2) After installing the machine, you must supply oil at points A~H, indicated in Figure 2. Be careful not to ever start the machine's rotation until oil supply is complete at all indicated points.

4 Adjustment

The machine has been adjusted prior to delivery. However, check rotation direction, number of rotation, and lubrication before repeating the following adjustment and performing desired skiving.

1) Presser foot

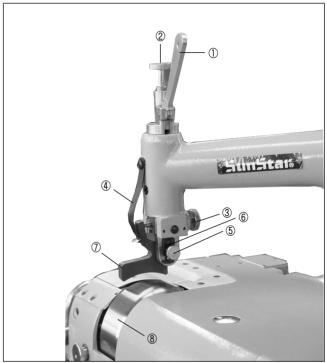
- (1) Push the presser bar lifter ① down.
- (2) Insert the presser foot control screw②, and determine the desired distance(A) between the presser foot⑦ and the knife⑧, as in Figure 4.

A. Narrow (small) Cutting

Turn control screw② counterclockwise to lower the presser foot after determining an adequate cutting width for the material.

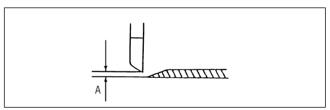
B. Wide (large) Cutting

Turn control screw② clockwise to lift the presser foot. Measure the distance(A) from the left hand side of the machine.

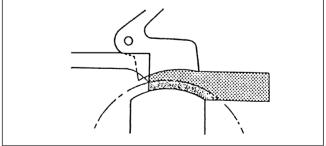


[Figure 3]

- (3) Cutting side-ways (Figure 5)
 - Turn control screw3 clockwise or counterclockwise to get the desired angle of the presser foot.
- (4) Cutting with shapes
 - Switch the presser foot to desired shape, such as stripe or sandpaper.
- (5) Removing the presser foot
 - Lift the presser bar lifter up, dismount the presser foot spring horizontally, loosen the presser foot tension screw 5, and take the loop out, which will allow you to remove the presser foot and the fixation pin. (1 set includes 4 presser foots)



[Figure 4]



[Figure 5]

Note) When replacing the presser foot, lift the presser foot up with the presser foot control screw@ before pushing the presser bar lifter① down. Be careful with the presser foot because it may scratch the feeding roller if it is not lifted up to a certain level. Now loosen the screw⑤ and remove the loop from the back, which will allow you to dismount the presser foot and the fixation pin (Refer to Figure 3).



2) Knife

- (1) The knife will gradually shrink with constant sharpening and usage, so you will have to adjust the distance(B) between the presser foot and the blade each time.
- (2) As in Figure 6, if you turn the control grip① counterclockwise (left), the knife will move towards the indicated direction (left).
- (3) As in Figure 7, distance(B) between the presser foot and the blade may vary according to the working material, nevertheless, the standard distance(B) generally used is as follows.

A. Thin material 0.2~0.3mm

B. Medium material 0.3~0.5mm

C. Thick and strong material 0.5~0.8mm



- Feeding roller must always maintain a certain parallel distance from the inner surface of the knife. As in Figure 9, the distance(C) can be adjusted depending on the material's thickness.
- (2) To increase the distance(C), turn the control screw(5) clockwise and to close the distance, turn it counterclockwise.
- (3) Distance(C) between the feeding roller and the knife (Figure 9)

A. Thin material 0.3~0.5mm

B. Thick material 1~1.5mm

(4) Sideways (Figure 9)

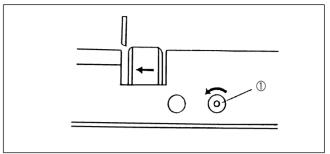
Turn the control screw② clockwise and the feeding roller will turn on its side vis-a-vis the inner surface of the knife.

- (5) Material
 - A. If it is hard leather, pull the spring lever 3 forward to readjust it more tightly.
 - B. If it is soft leather, loosen the spring4.
- (6) Soft leathers, such as those from horse and sheep, roll easily around the feeding roller. So use thin feeding roller or rubber roller.

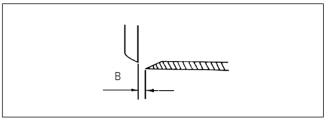
4) Ruler

When edge skiving, determine the width by using the ruler ④.

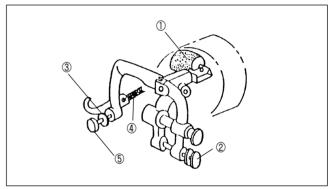
- (1) Fix the ruler on the plate③ with washer① and fixation screw② leaving a certain distance(D). Align the ruler so that it is fixed on the left hand side of the presser foot.
- (2) By changing the ruler's location, edge skiving width(D) can be adjusted at anywhere between 0~50mm according to user's needs.



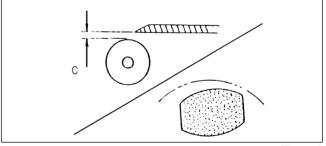
[Figure 6]



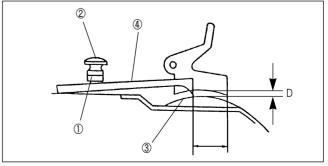
[Figure 7]



[Figure 8]



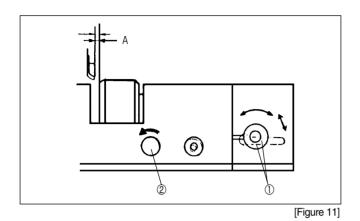
[Figure 9]

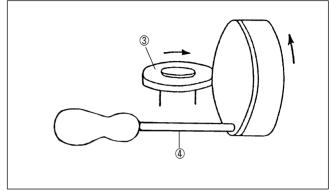


[Figure 10]



Sharpening the Knife





[Figure 12]

The knife will produce bad cuts as it becomes dull during usage, so you need to sharpen the knife according to the following procedures.

- (1) Knife sharpening clutch device
 - A. The sharpening stone rotates when you turn the shifting knob① clockwise.
 - B. When sharpening is complete, you must lift the clutch lever up and stop the sharpening stone.
- (2) The distance(A) between the knife and the presser foot should be about 0.5mm.
- (3) If you turn the stone control grip② slowly counterclockwise, the sharpening stone③ will come into close contact with the knife and start the sharpening process.

Note) Be careful not to bring the sharpening stone too close to the knife, because the knife can get overheated and this may lead to knife oscillation.

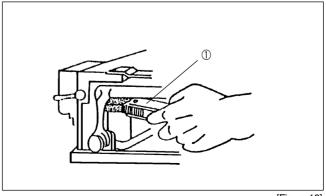
- (4) If the sharpened edge of the knife has the sharp-end shifted to the opposite direction, bring the rod stone in parallel contact with the knife's inner surface to re-sharpen the blade to its proper direction.
- (5) After sharpening process is complete, return the sharpening stone to its original place and turn the clutch off.

6

Using the Dresser

You will not be able to sharpen the blade if iron builds up or oil stains on the sharpening stone. In such cases, grind the stone using the dresser①, without brining it too close to the stone.

Note) To prevent stone particles from flying into your eyes, wear safety goggles before grinding to smooth the surface of the stone.

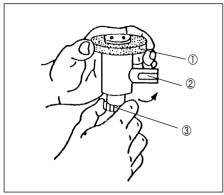


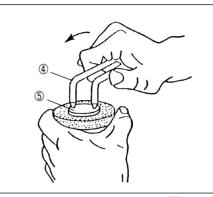
[Figure 13]

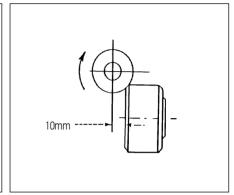


Replacing Parts

1) Replacing Knife Sharpening Stone







[Figure 14]

[Figure 15]

[Figure 16]

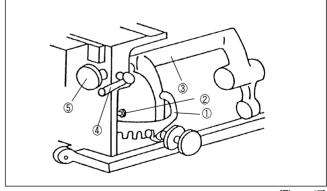
- (1) Carefully observe how the flat belt is mounted before removing it.
- (2) As in Figure 14, hold sharpening stone① with your left hand and pulley③ with your right hand. Turn your right hand counterclockwise to separate the pulley from the stone.
- (3) Insert the stone knot spanner (4), as in Figure 15, in the knot's holes (5). Turn it counterclockwise to separate it from the stone (Figure 15).
- (4) When remounting the flat belt, as in Figure 16, remount it so that the stone rotates clockwise when seen from the top of the machine.

Note) If you have separated the stone from the knot to replace a new one, be sure to install the stone and the knife so that they are 10mm apart, as in Figure 16.

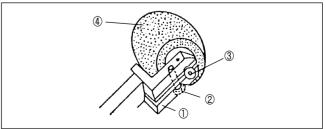
Note) Be careful not to leave oil stains on the stone.

2) Replacing feeding roller

- (1) Relocate the spring lever(1) to the bed's lever peg(2).
- (2) Hold the support arm③ with your left hand and loosen the center pin fixation screw④. Pull the center pin⑤ to remove the support arm③.
 - Note) Be careful when you are replacing the feeding roller, since the knife may come into contact with other objects, forcing the blade to lose its sharp edge. Take special note of the fact that the joint which rotates the feeding roller is separately assembled and may easily come into contact with the knife as you try to remove it. To avoid this from happening, support the joint with your hand as you remove it.
- (3) Loosen the screw② of the roller base① and remove the roller shaft③ which will allow you to separate the roller④.
- (4) Remove the feeding roller support arm³, as in Figure 17.



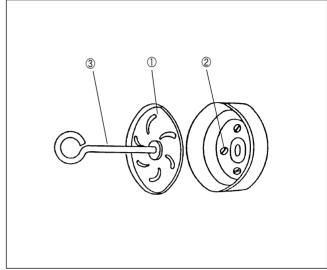
[Figure 17]



[Figure 18]

3) Replacing knife

- (1) Remove the waste disposing plate ① by using the disposing plate removal shaft ③, as in Figure 19.
- (2) Remove the four screws② that hold the knife in its place and remove the knife slowly.
 - Note) Since the knife is compressed, you need a tool, such as a driver, to push it out with even pressure as you twist the knife out of its place with your hand.
- (3) When replacing the knife, remember to clean it completely with petroleum since new knives are oil-coated to prevent rusting.
- (4) Empty the waste inside the knife and on the sides where the knife shaft is installed. Install the knife by pushing it back into its place.



[Figure 19]

(5) Twist the knife in as you tighten the screws② with even strength for installation.

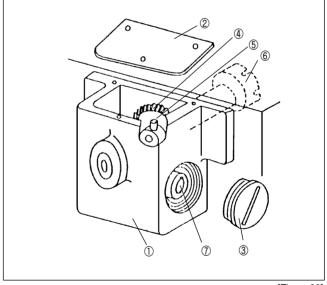
Note) Be careful not to tighten the screws unevenly, since it may lead to knife oscillation.

4) Replacing warm and warm wheel

(1) Remove the cover② of the warm container① and lid screw③.

Note) Be careful of the leaking oil.

- (2) Loosen the fixation screw⑤ of the warm wheel, and take the warm wheel ④out from the top by pushing the driving shaft⑥ inward.
- (3) Take the warm gear ⑦ out of the place where you removed the lid screw.
- (4) Install everything back to where it belongs according to proper key groove after replacement.

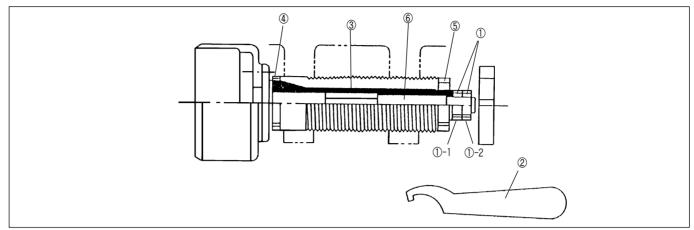


[Figure 20]



8

Adjusting Knife Shaft



[Figure 21]

The most important feature to bear in mind for these kinds of machines is certainly the rotation without knife oscillation. But after a long period of usage, oscillations do take place. In such cases, adjust as follows.

(1) Vertical knife oscillation

Tighten the knot 5 of the knife shaft knot 4 with the knife shaft knot spanner 2.

Note) Be careful not to tighten the knot too much since the knife will not move at all. Tighten the knot just so that it does not become loose during operation.

(2) Horizontal knife oscillation

Tighten the knot ①-1 of the knife shaft metal little by little and tighten the ①-2. Do not tighten too much: allow the knife to rotate smoothy. Repeat to adjust the gap on both right and left.

(3) You must adjust the knife shaft when replacing the knife.



Cause of Trouble and Troubleshooting

Trouble	Cause	Troubleshooting
Knife oscillation	 Knife oscillation due to bad installation Horizontal knife shaft oscillation Knife shaft metal is loose After sharpening, the sharp-end shifted to the opposite position Presser foot is loose presser foot and feeding roller are too close together Feeding roller has bad quality (凹凸) Center pin of the feeding roller support arm is not inserted completely 	 Remove knife, thoroughly clean sides that come into contact with the knife Adjust and tighten knife shaft knot Adjust knife shaft metal knot Re-sharpen the blade to its proper direction with the rod stone Retighten presser foot tension screw Lift presser foot with presser foot control screw Replace bad feeding roller Tighten center pin fixation screw after pushing the center pin in completely
Wobbly cuts	Blade is damaged Knife shaft oscillation from front to back Knife shaft oscillation up and down	Sharpen the knife Adjust and tighten knife shaft knot Adjust by slowly tightening knife shaft metal knot
Material does not enter smoothly	 Distance between the feeding roller and knife is too close Presser foot surface oscillation from front to back Bad cuts (dull blade) Spring on the spring lever is too strong 	 Lower feeding roller slowly when the material is thick Replace presser foot with a new one Sharpen the knife Loosen the spring on the spring lever or grind the presser foot path to allow the material's smooth entry
Material gets stuck in the knife	 Blade protrudes forward more than presser foot Presser foot protrudes downward more than the blade Feeding roller and knife are too wide apart 	1. Adjust the distance between presser foot and blade to 0~0.5mm 2. Lift presser foot up 3. Adjust with control screw
Waste not disposed properly	1. Rotates too fast 2. Feeding roller's surface has bad quality (凹凸)	Replace motor pulley with a smaller one Replace bad feeding roller
Feeding roller does not operate	V-belt is cut Warm container is running out of oil Feeding roller's shaft is melting down	Replace V-belt Mix oil and grease in the warm container supply oil to feeding roller shaft
Warm wheel erodes too quickly	Not enough oil Feeding roller's shaft is melting down	Supply oil Supply oil to feeding roller shaft
Knife shaft gets heated	Insufficient oil supply Knife shaft and knife shaft metal knot are too tight	2. Make adjustment
Knife is still dull even after sharpening	Sharpening stone has oil stain Sharpening stone has iron build-up Flat belt is idling due to oil stain	Rotate sharpening stone and grind stone with dresser Place back the clutch that cleans the flat belt oil stain
Noisy sound	Machine rotates too fast Warm wheel shrank due to grinding Insufficient oil supply Clutch block is too eroded Clutch lever is loose when clutch is turned off	 Change rotation to 1000~1200rpm Replace Supply oil on regular basis Replace clutch block Supply oil to clutch block Adjust the clutch lever up so it does not move